

Study Guide: Exploration and Colonization

Check to see how many of the following questions you can answer without using your notes. Then use your notes and chapters 2 & 3 in the text.

EXPLORATION

*What are the "three G's" of European exploration—the reasons that Europeans wanted to come to the New World?

*Answer A, B, C with continent names or specific parts of continents.

A. Millions of people from _____ moved to "the New World" voluntarily, while millions of people from _____ were moved here involuntarily.

B. Where did the English locate their colonies primarily?

C. Where do the Spanish locate their colonies primarily?

CONFLICT (short answer)

Over what two things did the settlers and indigenous people fight?

A _____ B _____

The colonists bring something that will prove deadly to natives: _____ s

WHERE ARE THE COLONIES?

For each of the thirteen original colonies listed below, write whether it was a New England colony (NE), a Middle colony (M) or a Southern colony (S).

_____ MA	_____ NJ	_____ NY
_____ NC	_____ GA	_____ RI
_____ CT	_____ SC	_____ VA
_____ MD	_____ DE	_____ PA
_____ NH		

SLAVERY

- Slavery begins this year: _____
in this town in VA: _____ because of the plantation system and chronic labor shortages.
- What name is given to the horrendous transatlantic journey for the Africans?
- What is the name of the overall route that uses Africans as "money" for sugar in the Caribbean islands, which is then sold to distillers in New England to use as currency in Africa?

COLONIAL CHARACTERISTICS

For each description below, indicate whether it was MOST characteristic of the New England colonies (NE), the Middle colonies (M) or the Southern colonies (S).

_____ settled by Puritans (after they absorbed the Pilgrims)

_____ generally welcoming to diverse religions

_____ ex-indentured servants or poor English settle western areas

_____ home of first permanent legislative body in New World (know the name)

_____ Catholics settled here to avoid religious persecution (colony?)

_____ practiced direct democracy through town meetings

_____ minor interest in economic opportunities

_____ settled by English, Dutch and German-speaking people

_____ Quakers settled here to avoid religious persecution (colony?)

_____ often intolerant of other religions

_____ mixed (diversified) economy: trade cities and some farms

_____ formed govt based on majority rule of Mayflower Compact

_____ settled by "cavaliers" (English nobility) looking to make money

_____ economy based on fishing, shipping; colonies prosper

_____ economy includes artisans, entrepreneurs, small business owners

_____ economy based on cash crops, such as tobacco, rice, indigo

_____ state-favored Anglican Church

_____ economy, terrain demand extensive labor (eventually slavery)

_____ home of first permanent English settlement in 1607 (know the name)

_____ some settle for religion; some settle for econ. oppty

_____ settlers sought freedom from religious persecution

_____ formed "covenant communities," imported families

_____ Roger Williams

_____ John Smith

_____ William Penn

_____ Jonathan Edwards

_____ John Rolfe

For each short descriptive item below, write the letter of the correct answer. Some letters may be used more than once and some may not be used

- A. cash crops
- B. Roger Williams
- C. Virginia Company
- D. Great Awakening
- E. dissenters
- F. entrepreneurs
- G. Mayflower Compact
- H. mercantilism

- I. Indentured servant
- J. subsistence farming
- K. Bacon's Rebellion
- L. "middle passage"
- M. representative government
- N. toleration
- O. Fundamental Orders of Connecticut
- P. Nat Turner's Rebellion

_____ a system that seeks to increase its wealth by obtaining gold, silver and large amounts of land

_____ kicked out by Puritans, starts Rhode Island—the 1st colony to practice religious freedom

_____ individual who agrees to work for a number of years in exchange for a trip to the New World

_____ rebirth of religious fervor that creates new churches (religions) and sows seeds for American Revolution

_____ individuals hoping to use a little bit of money and an idea to become wealthy

_____ encouraging or permitting those with different ideas to peacefully coexist

_____ document that outlined how a colony was to be run (signed by men on a boat)

_____ electing people to speak for you to the leaders of the state

_____ Western Virginia farmers upset with leaders in Tidewater go on a rampage because they think they are being ignored (foreshadows American Revolution)

_____ growing enough crops for your family's use; often in cold climates or in rocky terrain

_____ grown to export for money in South

_____ group of Englishmen given grant by the king to establish a money-making colony

_____ people such as Anne Hutchinson and Roger Williams

_____ transatlantic journey of captured Africans

Who's who? Identify each of the colonies highlighted at right:

A _____

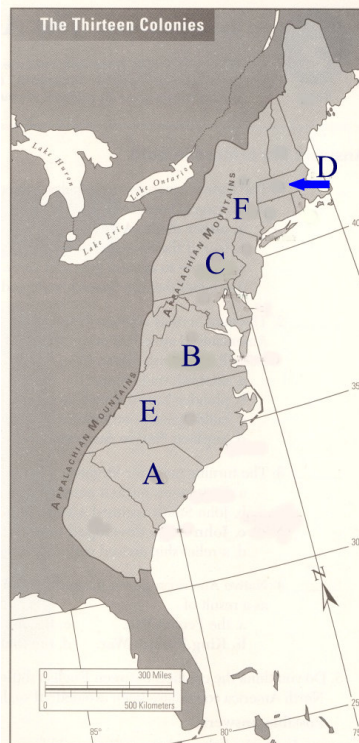
B _____

C _____

D _____

E _____

F _____



COMPARE AND CONTRAST - be able to identify and distinguish between the following:

*indentured servant vs. slave
(person's color; length of service; rights they had; how they arrived)

*New England economy vs. Middle colony economy vs. Southern economy

*New England religious attitudes vs. Middle colony religious attitudes vs. Southern colony religious attitudes